## The is used before

- nouns which are unique. the Earth, the Colosseum
- names of cinemas (The Plaza), hotels (The Savoy), theatres (The Palladium), museums (The Prado), newspapers/magazines (The Independent) but: (Time), ships(The Cutty Sark), institutions (The British Council), galleries (The Tate Gallery)
- names of rivers (the Nile), seas (the Black Sea,) groups of islands/states (the Shetland Isles, the USA) mountain ranges (the Himalayas), deserts (the Sahara desert), oceans (the Atlantic), canals (the Manchester Canal) and names or nouns with "of". (the Valley of the Kings, the Garden of Gethsemane) Note: the equator, the Arctic/Antarctica, the South of France, the South/West/North/East
- musical instruments, dances. the piano, the samba
- names of families (the Hunters), nationalities ending in -sh, -ch or -ese (the English, the Dutch, the Japanese etc). Other plural nationalities are used with or without the. (the North Americans, the Austrians etc)
- titles (the Patriarch, the Duchess of Windsor, the King). but: "The" is omitted before titles with proper names. King Carlos
- adjectives used as plural nouns (the young, the unemployed, the homeless, the blind etc) and the superlative degree of adjectives/ adverbs. He's the most friendly boy in the group.
- Note: "most" used as a determiner followed by a noun, does not take "the". Most people like swimming. but: Of all European countries, Greece has the most ancient monuments.
- the words: beach, cinema, city, coast, country(side), earth, ground, jungle, radio, pub, sea(side), sky, station, shop, theatre, village, weather, world etc but not before "man". eg. She went to the library to return some books.

Note: "the" is optional with seasons. (the) summer

- morning, afternoon, evening, night. I'll be home late in the evening. but: at night, at noon, at midnight, by day/night, at 4 o'clock etc
- historical references/events. the Russian Revolution, the Renaissance, the Cold War (but: World War II)
- only, last, first (used as adjectives).
   He was the first person to arrive.

## The is omitted before

- proper nouns. I'll see Ann tomorrow.
- names of sports, games, activities, days, months, holidays, colours, drinks, meals and languages (not followed by the word "language"). He plays football well. He likes red. We speak German. but: The ancient Greek language is hardly used now.
- names of countries (England), but: the Argentine, the Netherlands, (the) Sudan, the Hague, the Vatican City, cities (London), streets (Carnaby Street), but: the High Street, the Strand, the Mall, the A11, the M4 motorway), squares (Trafalgar Square), bridges (Tower Bridge but: the Bridge of Sighs, the Forth Bridge, the Severn Bridge, the Golden Gate Bridge), parks (Central Park), stations (Euston Station), individual mountains (Kilimanjaro), islands (Sicily), lakes (Lake Victoria), continents (Africa)
- possessive adjectives. That isn't your pen.
- two-word names whose first word is the name of a person or place. John F. Kennedy Airport, Windsor Castle but: The White House, (because the first word "White" is not the name of a person or place)
- pubs, restaurants, shops, banks and hotels
  which have the name of their founder and end in
  -s or -'s. Woolworth's, Lloyds Bank, Tom's Bar but:
  the Red Lion (pub) (because "Red Lion" is not the
  name of a person or place)
- bed, church, college, court, hospital, prison, school, university, when we refer to the purpose for which they exist. John went to hospital. (He is a patient.) but: His mother went to the hospital to see him last week. (She went to the hospital as a visitor.) Work (= place of work) never takes "the". She is at work.
- the words home, Father/Mother when we talk about our own home/parents.
  Father is at home.
- means of transport: by bus/by car/by train/by plane etc but: in the car, on the bus/train etc. She travelled by bus. but: She caught the 5 o'clock bus.
- We say: flu/the flu, measles/the measles, mumps/the mumps but: He's got malaria.